Claims

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1. A material which shatters, when broken, into
fragments which do not cut, puncture or otherwise
damage human skin or tissue, wherein the material is
comprised of an amorphous thermoplastic polymer and
one or more low molecular weight resins.

2. A material as claimed in Claim 1 comprised of a simple mixture of amorphous thermoplastic polymer and one or more low molecular resins.

3. A material as claimed in any one of the proceeding Claims wherein the amorphous thermoplastic polymer is selected from the group consisting of polystyrene (PS), polymethyl methacrylate (PMAA), styrene-acrylonitrile copolymer (SAN), linear polyesters and co-polyesters and polycarbonate (PC).

4. A material as claimed in any one of the proceeding claims having a tensile stress limit between 11 and 60 Nmm⁻².

5. A material as claimed in any one of the proceeding claims wherein the low molecular weight resin has an Mn (number average molecular weight) such that it has less than 500 repeating units.

 6. A material as claimed in Claim 5 wherein the low molecular weight resin has an Mn (number average molecular weight) such that it has less than 50 repeating units.

7. A material as claimed in any one of the proceeding claims manufactured in sheet form.

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8. A polymeric blend comprising a polymer selected from the group consisting of: polystyrene (PS),

6 polymethyl methacrylate (PMAA), styrene-

7 acrylonitrile copolymer (SAN), linear polyesters and

8 co-polyesters and polycarbonate (PC) and one or more

9 low molecular weight resins.

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9. A polymeric blend as claimed in Claim 8 wherein the one or more low molecular weight resins have an Mn (number average molecular weight) such that it has less than 500 repeating units.

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10. A polymeric blend as claimed in Claim 9 when in
the one or more low molecular weight resins have an
Mn (number average molecular weight) such that it
has less than 50 repeating units.

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21 11. A polymeric blend as claimed in any one of Claims 22 8 to 10 wherein the one or more molecular weight 23 resins are hydrocarbon resins.

24

25 12. A polymeric blend as claimed in Claim 11 wherein 26 the hydrocarbon resins are aromatic hydrocarbon 27 resins.

28

13. A polymeric blend as claimed in any one of Claims
8 to 12 manufactured in sheet form.

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32 14. A material which shatters, when broken, into 33 fragments which do not cut, puncture or damage human 34 skin or tissue, the material being comprised of polystyrene and one or more low molecular weight resins.

4 15. A material as claimed in Claim 14 comprised of a 5 simple mixture of polystyrene and one or more low

6 molecular weight resins.

7

8 16. A material as claimed in any one of Claims 14 to
9 15 wherein the one or more low molecular weight
10 resins are hydrocarbon resins.

11

12 17. A material as claimed Claim 16 wherein the 13 hydrocarbon resins are aromatic hydrocarbon 14 resins.

15

16 18. A material as claimed in Claim 17 wherein the
 17 aromatic hydrocarbon resins are C9 aromatic
 18 hydrocarbon resins.

19

20 19. A material as claimed in any one Claims 14 to 18
21 wherein the one or more low molecular weight
22 resins are, or are derived from, alpha methyl
23 styrene.

24

25 20. A material as claimed in any one of Claims 14 to
26 19 wherein the one or more low molecular weight
27 hydrocarbon resins are selected from a group
28 consisting of; Norsolene[™], Kristalex[™], Plastolyn[™],
29 Endex[™], Piccotex[™], Piccolastic[™], Sukorez[™] or
30 Arkon[™].

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32 21. A material as claimed in Claim 20 wherein the one 33 or more low molecular weight hydrocarbon resins 34 are selected from a group consisting of;

Norsolene W90™, Norsolene W100™, Norsolene W110™, 1 Kristalex F85™, Kristalex F100™, Kristalex F115™, 2 Plastolyn 240™, Plastolyn 290™, Endex155™, 3 Piccolastic D125™, Sukorez 100™, Sukorez 120™, 4 Arkon P100™, Arkon P125™, Arkon P140™, Piccotex 5 75™, Piccotex 100™ or Piccotex 120™. 6 7 A material as claimed in any one of Claims 14 to 8 22. 9 21 wherein the one or more low molecular weight resins have an Mn (number average molecular 10 weight) such that it has less than 500 repeating 11 12 units. 13 23. A material as claimed in Claim 22 wherein the one 14 15 or more low molecular weight resins have an Mn 16 (number average molecular weight) such that it has less than 50 repeating units 17 18 A material as claimed in any one of Claims 14 to 19 24. 23 having a tensile stress limit between 11 and 60 20 21 Nmm⁻². 22 A material as claimed in any one of Claims 14 to 23 25. 24 which also includes one or more additives 24 25 selected from the group including UV inhibitors, antioxidants, flow modifiers, fire retarding 26 agents, colour pigments and brighteners, and 27 oxygen scavengers. 28 29 26. A material as claimed in any one of Claims 14 to 30 25 manufactured in sheet form. 31 32 27. A method of manufacturing a material which 33 shatters, when broken, into fragments which do not 34

1		cut, puncture or damage human skin or tissue, the
2		method comprising the step of mixing an amorphous
3		thermoplastic polymer and one or more low
4		molecular weight resins.
5		
6	28.	A material as claimed in Claim 27 wherein the
7		amorphous thermoplastic polymer is chosen from the
8		group consisting of polystyrene (PS),
9		Polymethyl methacrylate (PMAA), styrene-
10		acrylonitrile copolymer (SAN), linear polyesters
11		and co-polyesters polycarbonate (PC).
12		•
13	29.	A material as claimed in any one of Claims 27 to
14		28 wherein the one or more low molecular weight
15		resins are hydrocarbon resins.
16		
17	30.	A material as claimed in Claim 29 wherein the
18		hydrocarbon resins are aromatic hydrocarbon
19		resins.
20		
21	31.	A material as claimed in any one of Claims 27 to
22		30 wherein the low molecular weight resin has an
23		Mn (number average molecular weight) such that it
24		has less than 500 repeating units.
25		
26	32.	A material as claimed in Claim 31 wherein the low
27		molecular weight resin has an Mn (number average
28		molecular weight) such that it has less than 50
29		repeating units.
30		
31	33.	A material as claimed in any one Claims 27 to 37
32		wherein the glass transition temperature (Tg) of
33		the material is elevated as the amorphous

thermoplastic polymer is mixed with the one or more low molecular weight hydrocarbon resins.

3

4 34. A material as claimed in Claim 33 when the Tg is 5 elevated to 5-10°C higher than the base polymer.

6

7 35. A method of manufacturing a material which
8 shatters, when broken, into fragments which do not
9 cut, puncture or damage human skin or tissue, the
10 methods comprising the step of mixing polystyrene
11 and one or more low molecular weight hydrocarbon
12 resins.

13

36. A method as claimed in Claim 35 wherein the one or
 more low molecular weight resins are hydrocarbon
 resins.

17

18 37. A method as claimed in Claim 36 wherein the 19 hydrocarbon resins are aromatic hydrocarbon 20 resins.

21

22 38. A method as claimed in Claim 36 wherein the 23 aromatic hydrocarbon resins are C9 aromatic 24 hydrocarbon resins.

25

26 39. A method as claimed in any one of Claims 35 to 38
27 wherein the one or more low molecular weight
28 resins are, or are derived from, alpha methyl
29 styrene.

30

31 40. A method as claimed in any one of Claims 35 to 39
32 wherein the one or more low molecular weight
33 hydrocarbon resins are selected from a group
34 consisting of; Norsolene[™], Kristalex[™], Plastolyn[™],

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		52
1		Endex™, Piccotex™, Piccolastic™, Sukorez™ or
2		Arkon [™] .
3		
4	41.	A method as claimed in Claim 40 wherein the one or
5		more low molecular weight hydrocarbon resins are
6		selected from a group consisting of Norsolene
7		W90™, Norsolene W100™, Norsolene W110™, Kristalex
8		F85™, Kristalex F100™, Kristalex F115™, Plastolyn
9		240™, Plastolyn 290™, Endex155™, Piccolastic
10		D125™, Sukorez 100™, Sukorez 120™, Arkon P100™,
11		Arkon P125™, Arkon P140™, Piccotex 75™, Piccotex
12		100™ or Piccotex 120™.
13		
14	42.	A method as claimed as in any one of Claims 35 to
15		41 wherein the low molecular weight resin has an
16		Mn (number average molecular weight) such that it
17		has less than 500 repeating units.
18		
19	43.	A method as claimed in Claim 42 wherein the low
20		molecular weight resin has an Mn (number average
21		molecular weight) such that it has less than 50
22		repeating units.
23		
24	44.	A method as claimed in any one of Claims 35 to 43
25		comprising the additional step of adding one or
26		more additives selected from the group consisting
27		of UV inhibitors, antioxidants, flow modifiers,
28		fire retarding agents, colour pigments and
29		brighteners and oxygen scavengers as known in the
30		art.
31		
32	45.	A method as claimed in any one of Claims 35 to 44

where the glass transition temperature (Tg) of the

material is elevated as the polystyrene is mixed

33 1 with one or more low molecular weight hydrocarbon 2 resins. 3 46. A method as claimed in Claim 45 wherein the Tg is 5 elevated to 5 to 10°C higher than the base polymer. 7 8 47. A container manufactured from a material that shatters when broken into fragments which do not 9 10 cut, puncture or otherwise damage human skin or 11 tissue. 12 13 48. A container as claimed in Claim 47 which is a 14 bottle. 15 16 49. A container as claimed in Claim 47 which is a 17 glass. 18 19 A container as claimed in Claim 47 which is a 50. 20 tumbler. 21 51. A container as claimed in any one of Claims 47 to 22 23 50 wherein the material is a mixture of an 24 amorphous thermoplastic polymer and one or more 25 low molecular weight resins. 26 27 A container as claimed in Claim 51 wherein the amorphous thermoplastic polymer is chosen from the 28 29 group consisting of: polystyrene (PS), styrene-

acrylonitrile co-polymer (SAN), linear polyesters

and co-polyesters polycarbonate (PC).

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53. A container as claimed in Claim 51 wherein the one 1 2 or more low molecular weight resins are 3 hydrocarbon resins. 4 5 54. A container as claimed in A container as claimed in Claim 53 wherein the one or more low molecular 6 7 weight resins are aromatic hydrocarbon resins 8 9 A container as claimed in Claims 53 to 54 wherein 55. the one or more low molecular weight hydrocarbon 10 11 resins are selected from a group consisting of: 12 Norsolene™, Krystalex™, Plastolyn™, Endex™, 13 Piccotex[™], Piccolastic[™], Sukorez[™], Arkon[™] 14 15 56. A container as claimed in Claim 55 wherein the one or more low molecular weight hydrocarbon resins 16 are selected from a group consisting of: Norsolene 17 W90[™], Norsolene W100[™], Norsolene W110[™], Kristalex 18 F85 [™], Kristalex F100 [™], Kristalex F115 [™], 19 Plastolyn 240 [™], Plastolyn 290 [™], Endex 155 [™], 20 Piccolastic D125 [™], Sukorez 100 [™], Sukorez 120 [™], 21 Arkon P100 [™], Arkon P125 [™], Arkon P140 [™], Piccotex 22 75 [™], Piccotex 100 [™] or Piccotex 120 [™]. 23 24 A container as claimed in any one of Claims 51 to 25 56 wherein the low molecular weight resin will 26 have a $\overline{M_n}$ (number average molecular weight) such 27 that it has less than 500 repeating units. 28 29 58. A container as claimed in any one of Claims 51 to 30 56 wherein the low molecular weight resin will 31 have a \overline{M} (number average molecular weight) such 32 that it has less than 50 repeating units. 33

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2	59.	A container as claimed in any one of Claims 47 to
3		58 wherein the material has a tensile stress limit
4		between 11 and 60 Nmm ⁻² .
5		
6	60.	A container as claimed in any one of Claims 47 to
7		59 manufactured using injection blow moulding
8		and/or injection stretch blow moulding
9		techniques.
10		
11 -	61.	A container as claimed in any one of Claims 47 to
12		59 manufactured using extrusion blow moulding.
13		
14	62.	A container as claimed in any one of Claims 47 to
15		61 wherein the material contains an oxygen
16		barrier.
17		
18	63.	A container as claimed in Claim 62 wherein the
19		barrier included in the material is selected from
20		the group consisting of: acrylonitrile-methyl
21		acrylate copolymer, ethylene vinyl alcohol (EVOH)
22		or nylon MXD6.
23		
24	64.	A container as claimed in Claim 62 wherein the
25		barrier is Barex ™.
26		
27	65.	A container as claimed in Claim 64 wherein the
28		barrier is Barex™ 210 or Barex™ 218.
29		
30	66.	A container as claimed in any one of Claims 62 to
31		65 wherein the barrier is overmoulded or sprayed
32		onto the container.
33		

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		30
1	67.	A container as claimed in any one of Claims 62 to
2		65 wherein the barrier is mixed with the material
3		of the container, using co-injection techniques.
4		
5	68.	A container as claimed in any one of Claims 47 to
6		67 wherein the material contains one or more
7		oxygen scavengers.
8		
9	69.	A container as claimed in Claim 68 wherein the
10		oxygen scavenger is selected from a group
1		consisting of X-312, Amosorb 3000, or a scavenger
12		of MXD6 with metal catalysed oxygen reduction
13		chemistry.
14		
15	70.	A container as claimed in any one of Claims 47 to
16		69 having an inorganic coating.
17		
18	71.	A container as claimed in Claim 70 wherein the
19		inorganic layer is a thin layer of amorphous
20		carbon.
21		
22	72.	A container as claimed in Claims 70 to 71 wherein
23		the inorganic coating is applied to the inside

surface of the container.

24 25

26 73. A container as claimed in any one of Claims 70 to 27 72 wherein the inorganic coating will be applied in a layer of 100 to 200nm thickness. 28

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74. A container as claimed in any one of Claims 47 to 30 31 73 having an external organic coating.

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1 75. A container as claimed in Claim 74 wherein the 2 external organic coating is PVDC or a two 3 component epoxyamine. 4 5 A container as claimed in any one of Claims 47 to 76. 6 75 manufactured from multiple layers of the 7 material. 8 9 77. A container as claimed in any one of Claims 47 to 76 wherein the material includes one or additives 10 11 selected from the group consisting of UV inhibitors, antioxidants, flow modifiers, colour 12 13 pigments and brighteners as known in the art. 14 15 78. A container as claimed in any one of Claims 51 to 16 77 wherein the glass transition temperature is 17 elevated as the amorphous thermoplastic polymer is mixed with the one or more low molecular weight 18 19 hydrocarbons. 20 A container as claimed in any one of Claims 51 to 21 79. 22 78 wherein the material has a glass transition

temperature of above 80°C.